

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims 1-27. (Cancelled)

28. (New) A method of obtaining an extrapallial fluid, wherein it comprises recovering the extrapallial fluid located between the shell and the body of a mollusc, in particular the mantle of said mollusc.

29. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the mollusc from which the fluid is recovered is a bivalve mollusc, advantageously mother of pearl.

30. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the mollusc from which the fluid is recovered is selected in the group consisting of oysters and more specifically oysters of the genus *Pinctada* and more particularly the species *margaritifera* or *maxima*, of the genus *Ostrea*, in particular the species *edulis*, or of the genus *Crassostrea*, in particular the species *gigas*.

31. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the mollusc from which the fluid is recovered is a cephalopod, such as for example the nautilus, or else a gastropod, such as for example the winkle.

32. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein, prior to recovery, the mantle of the mollusc is detached in whole or in part.

33. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein, prior to recovery, when the mollusc is bivalve, at least one of the two valves is lifted so as to be able to access the body of the mollusc.

34. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein, prior to recovery, the detachment of the extrapallial fluid from the shell is carried out manually, generally with the aid of a suitable tool.

35. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the extrapallial fluid is recovered at the surface of the shell with the aid of a suitable instrument, such as in particular a scraper, spatula or syringe.

36. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein it additionally comprises non-denaturing steps on the fluid so obtained, in particular one or more steps of filtration, decontamination, sterilization, freezing/thawing, modifications of viscosity, and/or various transformations.

37. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the fluid which is recovered is sterilized or decontaminated

38. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the fluid which is recovered is dehydrated, particularly by freeze-drying.

39. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the fluid which is recovered is frozen, preferably immediately after recovery or after filtration.

40. (New) The method according to claim 28, characterized in that the fluid which is recovered is transformed into a film or coating.

41. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the fluid which is recovered is transformed into fibers.

42. (New) The method according to claim 28, wherein the fluid which is recovered is transformed into a porous material.

43. (New) A fluid which can be obtained by the method such as defined in claim 28.

44. (New) A pharmaceutical composition, wherein it comprises the fluid defined in claim 43 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

45. (New) The composition according to claim 44, intended to improve cutaneous healing, to regenerate soft or skeletal tissues, or to promote osteogenesis or bone mineralization.

46. (New) The composition according to claim 44, for the treatment of bone, cartilage or dental disorders.

47. (New) The composition according to claim 44, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable support is an excipient suited to topical, enteral or parenteral administration.

48. (New) The composition according to claim 44, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable support is an excipient suited to topical application.

49. (New) The composition according to claim 44, wherein it additionally comprises at least one other therapeutically active ingredient for a use that is concurrent, separate or spread out over time.

50. (New) The fluid obtainable by the method as defined in claim 28, as a medicament.

51. (New) A device comprising the fluid obtainable by the method as defined in claim 28 and a physiologically acceptable excipient or support.

52. (New) The device according to claim 51, wherein said device has a form which is adapted to subcutaneous or percutaneous injection, in particular in the form of a syringe or infusion.

53. (New) The device according to claim 51, wherein the fluid is inside a membrane.

54. (New) A food supplement comprising the fluid obtainable by the method as defined in claim 28.